



Prince Sultan University
MATH 221
Third Examination
First Semester 2015/2016, Term 151
Dr. Ahmed Kaffel

Name: _____

ID Number # _____

Q1

A- Consider the following table:

x	1	2	3	4	5
f(x)	3.6	1.8	1.2	0.9	0.72

1) Construct divided difference table for the tabulated function.

2) Compute the Newton interpolating polynomial $p_3(x)$ at $x=2.5$ and at $x=3.5$.

B- a) Let $g(x) = x \ln(x+2)$. Use the Lagrange formula based on the points $x_0 = 0$, $x_1 = 1$, $x_2 = 2$, and $x_3 = 3$ to approximate $g(0.5)$. Also compute the error bound for your approximation.

b) Estimate the integral $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using the Simpson's rule with $n=8$. Also compute the error bound for your approximation.

C- Let $f(x) = x + \ln(x+2)$. Use the three point with $h=0.1$. Use the central formula to approximate the second derivative $f''(2)$. Then find the error bound for your approximation.

Q2.

a) Find the approximate solution $y(0.2)$ of the following initial-value problem $y' = (1-x)y^2 - y$, $y(0) = 2$ using the following fourth-order Runge Kutta formula using $h=0.2$. Then compute the error bound for your approximation.

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \frac{1}{6}(k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)h$$

$$k_1 = f(x_i, y_i)$$

$$k_2 = f\left(x_i + \frac{1}{2}h, y_i + \frac{1}{2}k_1h\right)$$

$$k_3 = f\left(x_i + \frac{1}{2}h, y_i + \frac{1}{2}k_2h\right)$$

$$k_4 = f(x_i + h, y_i + k_3h)$$

- b) Find the approximate solution $y(0.2)$ of the following initial-value problem
 $y' = (1 - x)y^2 - y$, $y(0) = 2$ using the Euler's formula using $h=0.2$. Compare the error bound of this approximation with the error bound found in question a).