

Prince Sultan University MATH 211 First Major Exam Second Semester 2008/2009, Term 081 Sunday, 18 January 2009 Dr. Aiman Mukheimer

Time Allowed: 90 minutes

(Middle)	(Last)	
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**Important Instructions:** 

- You may use CASIO scientific calculator that does not have programming or graphing capabilities.
- You may **NOT borrow** a calculator from anyone.
- There should be **NO talking** during the examination.
- Your exam will be taken immediately without any warning if your mobile is seen or heard
- You must show all your work beside the problem. Be organized.
- You may use the back of the pages for extra space, but be sure to indicate that on the page with the problem.
- This examination has **10** problems, some with several parts. Make sure that your paper has all these problems

Problems	Max points	<b>Student's Points</b>
1,2	20	
3,4,5,6	20	
7	20	
8,9,10	20	
Total	80	

**Q1.** (12 points) Graph the function:  $f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 + 4x$ . (Show all your steps)

**Q2.** (8 points) Suppose the total cost of producing *x* units of a certain commodity is  $C(x) = 2x^4 - 10x^3 - 18x^2 + 200x + 167$ . Determine the largest and smallest values of <u>the marginal cost</u> for  $0 \le x \le 5$ .

**Q3.** (5 points) Find *A* and *B* so that the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{3-Ax}{Bx+11}$  has y = 7 as a horizontal asymptote and x = 2 as a vertical asymptote.

**Q4.** (**5** points) A bank compounds interest continuously. What nominal interest rate does it offer if \$1,500 grows to \$2,500 in 10 years?

**Q5.** (4 points) Find f''(x):  $f(x) = 3\ln(2x^3 - 5x)$ 

**Q6.** (6 points) Use logarithmic differentiation to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ , where  $y = (2x - 1)^3 (x + 5)^2 (1 - x)^5$ 

**Q7.** (20 points) Evaluate the following integrals: 1.  $\int \sqrt[3]{8x} dx$ .

2. 
$$\int \left( e^{-3x} + \frac{5}{x} \right) dx$$
.

3. 
$$\int x (4x-5)^3 dx$$
.

$$4. \quad \int x \sqrt{x^2 + 4} \, dx \quad .$$

5. 
$$\int_{2}^{3} \frac{2x-3}{x^{4}} dx$$
.

**Q8.** (8 points)Determine the area of the region bounded by the curve  $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 5$ and the line y = x + 5.

**Q9.** (5 points) The average value of  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + k$  over the interval  $1 \le x \le 5$  is 30. What is k?

**Q10.** (7 points) The marginal revenue from the sale of x units of a particular commodity is estimated to be  $R'(x) = 50 + 3.5xe^{-0.01x^2}$  dollars per unit where R(x) is revenue in dollars. Let R(0) = 0, what revenue should be expected from the sale of 1000 units.