PRINCE SULTAN UNIVERSITY Hind Sultan UNIVERSITY	Prince Sultan University MATH 111 Major Exam I Semester I, Term 161 Monday, November 07, 2016 Tin	me Allowed: <u><b>90</b> minutes</u>
Student Name:		
Student ID #:		
Teacher's Name:	S	ection #:
Serial #:		

## **Important Instructions:**

- 1. You may use a scientific calculator that does not have programming or graphing capabilities.
- 2. You may NOT borrow a calculator from anyone.
- 3. You may NOT use notes or any textbook.
- 4. There should be NO talking during the examination.
- 5. Your exam will be taken immediately if your mobile phone is seen or heard
- 6. Looking around or making an attempt to cheat will result in your exam being cancelled
- 7. This examination has 11 problems, some with several parts. Make sure your paper has all these problems.

Page #	Max points	Student's Points
1,2,3,4	23	
5	20	
6,7,8	22	
9,10,11	15	
Total	80	

Q1. (5 points) Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{\ln(|x|-1)}{x^3-8}$ . (Show your work in details)

Q2. (5 points) Find the formula for the inverse of the function  $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{1+2e^x}$ . (Show your work in details)

Q3. (3 points) Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that the equation  $\sqrt[3]{x} = 1 - x$  has a root in the interval (0, 1). (Show your work in details)

Q4. (10 points) Find the horizontal and vertical asymptotes of each curve: (Show your work in details)

$$1. \quad y = \frac{7e^x}{2e^x - 5}$$

2. 
$$y = \frac{9+5x^4}{x^2-x^4}$$

Q5. (20 points) Evaluate the limit, if it exists. (Show your work in details)

a. 
$$\lim_{x \to -2} \frac{x+2}{x^3+8}$$

b. 
$$\lim_{x \to -4} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{x}\right)}{4+x}$$

c. 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left( \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{|x-1|} \right)$$

d. 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2 + 8}$$

Q6. (10 points) a. Use the <u>definition</u> to find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ .

b. Find the equation of the tangent line at x = 1.(Show your work in details)

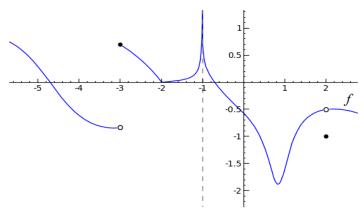
Q7. (4 points) For what value of x, 
$$f(x)$$
 is continuous  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x^2 - 5x - 3}{x - 3} & x \neq 3 \\ 6 & x = 3 \end{cases}$ . (Show your work in details)

Q8. (8 points) Use the graph of the function to find the following:

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) =$$

b) 
$$\lim_{x \to -3^{-}} f(x) =$$

c) State the numbers at which f discontinuous and explain why?



d) For each of these numbers in part c), <u>determine</u> <u>with writing the reason</u> whether f(x) is continuous from the right, from the left, or neither. Q9. (4 points) If  $4x - 9 \le f(x) \le x^2 - 4x + 7$  for  $x \ge 0$ , find  $\lim_{x \to 4} f(x)$ . (Show your work in details)

Q10. (5 points) Find all values of "a", such that the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x \le a \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > a \end{cases}$$
 is continuous for all real numbers.

Q11. (6 points) Sketch the graph of an example of a function f that satisfies all the given conditions.  $\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) = 2, \lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = 4, \lim_{x \to 2^+} f(x) = \infty, \lim_{x \to 2^-} f(x) = -\infty, \lim_{x \to 0} f(x) = 2, \text{ and } f(0) = 1$ 

