

Prince Sultan University

Math 211 Major Exam 1 First Semester, Term 171 Sunday, November 5, 2017 Time allowed: 90 minutes

Student Name:_____

Student ID #: _____

Important Instructions:

- 1.You may use a scientific calculator that does not have programming or graphing capabilities.
- 2. You may NOT borrow a calculator from anyone.
- 3. You may NOT use notes or any textbook.
- 4. Talking during the examination is NOT allowed.
- 5. Your exam will be taken immediately if your mobile phone is seen or heard.
- 6.Looking around or making an attempt to cheat will result in your exam being cancelled.
- 7. This examination has 13 problems, some with several parts. Make sure your paper has all these problems.

Problems	Max points	Student's Points
1-3	18	
4-6	24	
7-10	20	
11-13	18	
Total	80	
Total	20	

Q1) [4 pts] Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{-x^2 + x + 6}$

Q2) [6 pts] Market research indicates that manufacturers will supply x printers to the marketplace when the price is p = S(x) = 12x + 280 dollars per unit and that the same number of printers will be demanded (bought) by consumers when the price is p = D(x) = -2x + 560. At what level of production x and unit price p is market equilibrium achieved?

Q3) [8 pts] A manufacturer produces jackets at a cost of \$12 apiece. He estimates that if the jackets are sold for *x* dollars apiece, consumers will buy a quantity of 1220 - 6x each month.

a) Find the Cost C(x), Revenue R(x) and Profit P(x) as a function of x.

b) Graph the Profit function P(x) (show the vertex and x-intercepts) and determine the optimal selling price that maximizes the profit, and find the maximum profit.

c) How many jackets will be sold each month at the optimal price?

Q4) [6 pts] A gourmet burger seller can sell burgers for \$9 apiece. The sellers total cost consists of a fixed overhead of \$2250 per month plus production costs of \$6.25 per burger. How many burgers must he sell to make a profit of \$280 in one month?

Q5) [6 pts] Find the equation of the line in the **general form** which passes through (1,5) and is perpendicular to a line which has an *x*-intercept of -3 and *y*-intercept of 5

Q6) [12 points] Find the following limits:

$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{9 - x^2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{12x^3 + x^2 + 2x}{-3x^3 - 4x^2 - 2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 2}{x - 4}$$

Q7) [4 pts] Find the value of c that makes the function continuous everywhere

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} cx - 3 & \text{if } x < 2\\ 3 - x + 2x^2 & \text{if } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

Q8) [8 pts] Use the <u>definition of the derivative from first principles</u> to find the first derivative of $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}}$

Q9) [4 pts] Find the *x*-coordinates of the horizontal tangent lines of $f(x) = (x+1)(x^2 - x - 2)$.

Q10) [4 pts] Find the equation of the tangent line to $y = \left(\frac{x+1}{x-1}\right)^3$ at the point where x = 3.

Q11) [6 pts] Differentiate the following functions 2 - 2 - 3 - 5

a)
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x^3}$$

b)
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{2x^2 + 5x - 1}$$

Q12) [6 pts] Find the second derivative of $f(x) = \frac{3-2x}{(2x-5)^2}$

Q13) [6 pts] An importer of coffee determines that local customers will buy $D(p) = \frac{4374}{p^2}$ pounds of coffee per week when the price is *p* dollars per pound. He also determines that *t* weeks from now, the price will be $p(t) = 0.02t^2 + 0.1t + 6$ dollars per pound. At what rate will the demand for coffee be changing with respect to time 10 weeks from now?