	Prince Sultan University		
λ.	Department of General sciences/Mathematics		
•)),	MATH 001 Final Examination		
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	Term 161 Sunday, January 22, 2017		
Time Allowed: 180 minutes			
PRINCE SULTAN UNIVERSITY			
0,-30.00,-54			
Student Name			
Student ID #: _	Section #:		

Teacher's Name:

Important Instructions:

- 1. You may use a scientific calculator that does not have programming or graphing capabilities.
- 2. You may NOT borrow a calculator from anyone.
- 3. You may NOT use notes or any textbook.
- 4. There should be NO talking during the examination.
- 5. Your exam will be taken immediately if your mobile phone is seen or heard.
- 6. Looking around or making an attempt to cheat will result in your exam being cancelled.
- 7. This examination has 14 problems, some with several parts and a total of 7 pages. Make sure your paper has all these problems.

Problems	Max points	Student's Points
1,2	18	
3	20	
4,5,6,7	17	
8,9	18	
10,11,12	15	
13,14	12	
Total	100	



Q.1 (15 points) Perform the indicated operations and simplify.

a)
$$\left(\frac{-8a^{-6}b^7}{4a^2b^{-3}}\right)^3$$

b)
$$\sqrt{2x^3} + 3x\sqrt{8x}$$
; $x > 0$

c)
$$\left(-3+\sqrt{-7}\right)^2$$

d)
$$(3x-4)(3x+4)(9x^2+16)$$

e)
$$\frac{3}{x^2 - 2x - 8} \div \left(\frac{1}{x - 4} - \frac{1}{x + 2}\right)$$

Q.2 (3 points) If (6, -2) is a point on a line and the line's slope is $-\frac{5}{3}$. Find the *y*-intercept.

Q.3 (20 points) Solve each of the following equations. Give the solution set. a) 5(x-2)-3(1-x) = x-2(x+3)

b)
$$x^2(x-6)-4(x-6)=0$$

c)
$$\frac{5}{2x-4} + \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x} = \frac{3}{2x}$$

d)
$$-3|4x-7|+15=0$$

e)
$$4x^4 = 13x^2 - 9$$

Q.4 (6 points) Use the graph of the function *f* to determine each of the following:

- a) The domain of f
- b) *f*(−1)
- c) The intervals on which f is increasing, if any
- d) Any relative maximum.
- e) Use the given graph of f to graph g(x) = -f(x-2)+3 (on the same coordinate plane)



Q.5 (4 points) Let f(x) = 4x-3 and $g(x) = 3x^2-2$, find a) $(f \circ g)(x)$

b) $(g \circ f)(2)$

Q.6 (4 points) Divide using the synthetic division. Give the **Quotient** and the **Remainder**. $(2x^5 - 3x^3 + 4x - 6) \div (x+2)$

Q.7 (3 points) Determine whether the two functions f and g are inverses of each other. (Show your work). $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-5}$; $g(x) = x^3 + 5$ **Q.8 (6 points)** Solve the equation $2x^4 - x^3 - 13x^2 + 5x + 15 = 0$ Given that -1 is a zero of $f(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 - 13x^2 + 5x + 15$.

Q.9 (12 points) Solve the inequality. Graph the solution set on a real number line and give the solution in interval notation.

a) $5 < 4x - 3 \le 21$

b) $|5x+6| \ge 4$

c) $2x^2 > 3x$

$$d) \quad \frac{3x+1}{x-2} \le 2$$

Q.10 (6 points) Consider $f(x) = -x^2 - 4x - 3$ for answering the following questions.

a) Find the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of f

b) Does the graph have a maximum or a minimum? Give its value.



- c) Use the vertex and the intercepts to graph f
- d) Find the range of f.

Q.11 (5 points) Find the third-degree polynomial f(x), with real coefficients that has 2, and -3i as zeros and such that f(1) = -40

Q.12 (4 points) Find the domain of the function: $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4x^2 - 9x + 2}}$

Q.13 (4 points) Find an equation of the circle with center (-2,5) and passes through (3,-2)

Q.14 (8 points) Graph the polynomial function $f(x) = -2x^2(x-1)^4(x+2)$. (Show all the necessary details).

