

## **Prince Sultan University**

# Department of Mathematical Sciences Maior II Exam

Semester II, SPRING 2010 (092) 26<sup>th</sup> April, 2010

#### MATH 113 – CALCULUS II

**Time Allowed** : 90 minutes  $\left(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ hours}\right)$ 

Maximum Points: 100 points Mr. Khaled Naseralla

Name of the student:				
ID number	:			
Section	·219_			

## For All The Students:

- Answer all the questions.
- This exam consists of <u>a total of 6 pages</u> and 8 questions.
- Show your working in the space provided for each question.
- Show all the key steps of your work.
- You may use the back of the pages for extra space, but be sure to indicate that on the page with the problem
- Scientific, non-programmable calculators are allowed.
- You may NOT borrow a calculator from anyone.
- You may NOT use notes or any textbook.
- There should be NO talking during the examination.

Question	Maximum score	Your Score
1	20	
2,3	16	
4 , 5	16	
6	10	
7,8	13	
Total	75	

1	5

**Q.1 (20 points):** Evaluate the following integrals:

a) 
$$\int_{0}^{12} (1-e^{-\frac{x}{4}}) dx$$

$$b) \quad \int \frac{x^2}{x+1} dx$$

c) 
$$\int_{0}^{1} 5xe^{x^{2}+3}dx$$

d) 
$$\int e^{x} (1+e^{x})^{2} dx$$

$$e) \int \frac{\ln x}{x(3+\ln x)} dx$$

## Sketch the Regions

**Q.2 (8 points):** Find the area of the region bounded by x-y-1=0 and  $y=x^2-3$ .

**Q.3 (8 points):** The region enclosed by  $y = \sqrt{x+1}$ , x = 3, and y = 0 is revolved about the line y = 3 to create a solid. Find the volume of the generated solid.

**Q.4 (8 points):** Use the washer's method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region enclosed by xy=1,  $y=\frac{1}{2}$ , y=2, and x=0 about the y-axis

**Q.5** (8 points): Find the exact length of the arc of  $y = (x-4)^{\frac{3}{2}}$  over the interval [4,7]

**Q.6 (10 points)**: Use an appropriate method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region enclosed by  $x = y^2$  and x = y + 2 about:

- a) x axis
- b) y axis

**Q.7 (9 points):** Determine the surface area of the solid obtained by revolving  $x = \sqrt[3]{y}$  ,  $1 \le y \le 8$  about the x-axis.

**Q.8 (4 points):** Find a vertical line x = k that divides the area enclosed by  $x = \sqrt{y}$  x = 2, and y = 0 into two equal parts.