

PRINCE SULTAN UNIVERSITY**MATH 101****FINITE MATH****MAJOR EXAM 1****22nd MARCH 2006****Start : 4:00 pm****End: 6:00 pm****Name:** _____**I.D.** _____**Section: Circle One (8 a.m.– Sec. 43) (11 a.m. – Sec. 42)**

- ١. Answer all questions
- ٢. This exam consists of 1 Cover Sheet & 6 Question Sheets with 10 questions.
- ٣. You can use a calculator, **NOT** a mobile phone.
- ٤. No talking during the test.
- ٥. Show all working out in the space provided.

Question No.	Max. Points	Points Scored
1,2	14	
3,4	16	
5,6	14	
7	12	
8,9	18	
10	12	
TOTAL	86	

- 1) [8 points] Consider the two lines $L: 4x + 3y = 2$
 $M: 2x - y = 1$

a) Show that the two lines intersect.

b) Find the point of intersection.

- 2) [6 points] Find the equation of the line, in **Slope Intercept Form**, containing the point $(-2, -5)$ which is perpendicular to the line containing the points $(-4, 5)$ and $(2, -1)$.

ϣ) [8 points] The average score on the MATH 101 final has been steadily increasing over the last six years at PSU. In 2000 the average score was 62%, while in 2004 the average score was 70%. Assume the rate of increase is steady.

a) Write an equation that relates the average final score S , to time t , where t is the year.

b) If this trend continues what will be average final score in 2006?

ξ) [8 points] Le Choc Confectionery Ltd. is a company that produces fine Belgian chocolates. The daily cost of producing each chocolate is \$0.55 and each one can be sold for \$2.50. The daily operational overhead is \$300.

a) Determine the revenue R , that the company makes from selling x chocolates per day.

b) Determine the cost C , to the company for producing x chocolates per day.

c) How many chocolates must be sold every day to **break even**?

-) [10 points] Solve the following system using the method of elimination, if the system has no solution, say that is inconsistent :
- $$\begin{cases} x + y - z = 6 \\ 3x - 2y + z = -5 \\ x + 3y - 2z = 14 \end{cases}$$

- ↯) [4 points] Write the augmented matrix of the following system. **Do not attempt to solve it.**
- $$\begin{cases} 4x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 = 4 \\ x_1 + x_2 + 6 = 0 \\ 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 5 \end{cases}$$

v) [12 points] Solve the following system using **matrices**:

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y + z = 6 \\ x - y - z = -3 \\ 3x + y + 2z = 7 \end{cases}$$

^) [10 points] Find the inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

^) [8 points] Solve the system by using A^{-1} the inverse of the co-efficient matrix

$$\begin{cases} x - y + z = 8 \\ 2y - z = -7 \\ 2x + 3y = 1 \end{cases}$$

10.) [12 points] Find the maximum and minimum values of the objective function $z = 10x + 12y$, subject to the following constraints:

$$\begin{cases} x + y \leq 7 \\ 2x + 3y \leq 18 \\ 2x + y \leq 10 \\ x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$