

## Prince Sultan University Department of Mathematical Sciences

MATH 002 Final Examination Semester I, Term 111 Wednesday, January 11, 2012 Time Allowed: 120 minutes

Student Name:				
Student ID #:				
	Mr. Khalid		Dr. Muaffaq	
	8 9	10 11	11 12	
	216	214	215	
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- 1. You may use a scientific calculator that does not have programming or graphing capabilities.
- 2. You may NOT borrow a calculator from anyone.
- 3. You may NOT use notes or any textbook.
- 4. There should be NO talking during the examination.
- 5. If your mobile phone is seen or heard, your exam will be taken immediately.
- 6. You must show all your work beside the problem. Be organized.
- 7. You may use the back of the pages for extra space, but be sure to indicate that on the page with the problem.
- 8. This examination has 14 problems. Make sure your paper has all these problems.

Problems	Max points	Student's Points
1,2,3	20	
4,5	16	
6,7,8	22	
9,10	14	
11,12,13	20	
14	8	
Total	100	

- 1. (6 points) Given  $g(x) = -2 + 3^{-x}$  find:
  - a) Domain and Range of g(x)
  - b) Equation of horizontal asymptote
  - c) *x* and *y*-intercepts.
- 2. (8 points) Solve for *x* the following equations:

a) 
$$2^{x-3} = 5^x$$

b)  $\log(1+x) = 1 + \log(1-x)$ 

3. (6 points) Use the reference angle to evaluate  $\cos(240^\circ) - 3\csc(-240^\circ)$ .

4. (8 points) Sketch the graph of one period of  $f(x) = 2\sin\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ 

5. (8 points) Given that  $\sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$  and  $\alpha$  lies in Q1, and  $\sin \beta = \frac{5}{13}$  and  $\beta$  lies in Q2, find the exact value of  $\cos(\alpha + \beta)$ 

6. (6 points) Verify trigonometric identity:  $(\sec x - \tan x)^2 = \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x}$ 

7. (8 points) Graph the solution set of the system 
$$\begin{cases} -2x + y \le 0\\ (x-2)^2 + (y-2)^2 < 4\\ y > 1 \end{cases}$$

		[1]	0	2]	
8.	(8 points) Find the inverse of the matrix	-1	2	3	
		1	-1	0	

9. (4 points) Solve the system using  $A^{-1}$ , the inverse of the coefficient matrix  $\begin{cases}
3x - 3y + z = 0 \\
-2x + 2y - z = 1 \\
-4x + 5y - 2z = 3
\end{cases}$ given that the inverse of  $\begin{bmatrix}
3 & -3 & 1 \\
-2 & 2 & -1 \\
-4 & 5 & -2
\end{bmatrix}$ is  $\begin{bmatrix}
1 & -1 & 1 \\
0 & -2 & 1 \\
-2 & -3 & 0
\end{bmatrix}$ 

10.(10 points) Solve the system using Cramer's rule  $\begin{cases} x+y+z=4\\ x-2y+z=7\\ x+3y+2z=4 \end{cases}$ 

	4	2	8	-7
11.(6 points) Evaluate the following determinant	-2	0	4	1
	5	0	0	5
	4	0	0	-1

12.(7 points) Graph the ellipse  $36x^2 = 3600 - 100y^2$ . Give the location of the foci.

13. (7 points) Write the equation of the parabola having focus (1,2) and directrix x=-11

- 14. (8 points) Consider the equation  $\frac{(y+1)^2}{144} \frac{(x-3)^2}{25} = 1$ .
- a) Identify the conic represented by the above equation.
- b) Graph it.

c) Locate the foci and find the equations of asymptotes (if any).