

Prince Sultan University, Department of Mathematics, 6/11/10.
Calculus II (Math 113), Mid-Term 1- Fall (101).
DR ABDUL-WAHED HAMDI DURATION : 90 MIN

- Answer all the questions.
- This exam consists of a total of 3 pages and 9 questions.
- Show your working in the space provided for each question.
- Show all the key steps of your work.
- Scientific, non-programmable calculators are allowed.

Question	Maximum Score	Your Score
1	9	
2	12	
3	4	
4	5	
5	5	
6	6	
7	7	
8	5	
9	7	
Total	60	

Name	
ID Number	

1. Find the following antiderivatives

(a) $\int x\sqrt{2+x} \, dx$

(b) $\int \cos^2(3x) \, dx$

(c) $\int \cot(1-x) \, dx$

2. Evaluate the following definite integrals

(a) $\int_{-1}^2 \frac{x \, dx}{4+5x^2}$

(b) $\int_{-1}^2 \sqrt{2+|x|} \, dx$

(c) $\int_0^{a/b} \sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^2} \, dx.$

3. Solve the initial-value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin(x) + 1, \quad y(\pi/3) = \frac{1}{2}.$$

4. Evaluate $\sum_{j=4}^{20} j(1-j)^2$

5. Find the limit by interpreting it as a limit of a Riemann sum in which the interval $[0, 1]$ is divided into n subintervals of equal length

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1^4 + 2^4 + 3^4 + \cdots + n^4}{n^5}.$$

6. Use the limit of summation to find the area under the curve of $f(x) = 2 + 4x$ over the interval $[0, 3]$. Use x_k^* as the midpoint of each subinterval.

7. Find the total area of the region between the x -axis and the graph of $y = x^2 - 3x$ over the interval $[-1, 4]$.

8. A particle moves with a velocity $v(t) = 0.5 - \frac{1}{t^2}$ m/s along an s-axis. Find the displacement and the distance traveled by the particle during the time interval $[1, 3]$.

9. Find

(a) the value(s) of x^* that satisfies the Mean-Value Theorem for the function $\phi(x) = 2x - x^2$ over the interval $[0, 2]$,

(b) the average value of ϕ on $[0, 2]$,

(c) $F'(x)$ and its domain where $F(x) = \int_4^x \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}}$.

10. **Bonus question** Show that $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^n(x) dx = \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n(x) dx$.