



Prince Sultan University
Department of Mathematical Sciences

Final Exam

Semester II, 2007 SPRING (062)

13th June, 2007

MATH 113 – CALCULUS II

Time Allowed : 120 minutes

Mr. Khaled Naseralla

Maximum Points: 100 points

Name of the student : _____

ID number : _____

Section : _____

Questions	Maximum Score	Your Score
Q.1	30	
Q.2	10	
Q.3	10	
Q.4	6	
Q.5	10	
Q.6	10	
Q.7	6	
Q.8	8	
Q.9	10	
Total	100	

For All The Students:

- Answer all the questions.
- This exam consists of **9 questions and a total of 8 pages.**
- Show your working for each question with all the key steps.
- Only scientific, non-programmable calculators are allowed.

Q.1 (5 points each) : Evaluate the following integrals:

a) $\int x^3 \ln x dx$

b) $\int \frac{x+4}{x^3+3x^2+2x} dx$

c) $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos x} dx$

d) $\int x \tan^{-1}(x) dx$

e) $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

f) $\int_1^{\sqrt{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x^2-1} dx$

Q.2 (5 points each):

Determine the divergence or convergence of the improper integral.
If it converges, find its value.

a) $\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx$

b) $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$

Q.3 (5 points each):

Evaluate the following:(Show all your steps)

a) $\sum_{k=4}^{50} (3k-2)$

b) $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{n} \left[\frac{k^2}{n^2} + \frac{2k}{n} \right]$

Q.4 (6 points): Find the volume of the solid generated when the region enclosed by the curves $x = y^2$ and $x = 4$ is revolved about the line $y = -3$

Q.5 (5 points each): Find the following limits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^2 e^{-3x})$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{\cos 3x}{x^2} \right)$

Q.6 (5 points each): Use $n = 4$ to approximate the integral $\int_{-1}^1 (2x + x^2) dx$ by:

a) the trapezoid approximation

b) Simpson's rule

Q.7 (6 points): A particle moves along an S -axis . Use the given information to find the position function, $S(t)$ of the particle.

$$a(t) = 4 \cos 2t \quad ; \quad v(0) = -1 \quad ; \quad S(0) = -3$$

Q.8 (8 points): a) Use the second Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to find $F'(x)$ given that

$$F(x) = \int_0^x (\sqrt[3]{t} - t^2) dt$$

b) Given that $\int_0^1 f(x)dx = 2$; $\int_1^2 f(x)dx = -5$ and $\int_0^3 f(x)dx = 4$

Evaluate the integral $\int_2^3 5f(x)dx$

c) Evaluate the integral $\int_0^4 |x-2|dx$ (show all your steps)

Q.9 (5 points each): **Solve the following differential equation:**

a) $\cos^2 x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 1$; $y(0) = 5$

b) $y' = \frac{xy}{1+x^2}$