

Prince Sultan University

Deanship of Educational Services

Department of General Sciences



COURSE DETAILS:

GENERAL CHEMISTRY 101		CHM101 MAJOR EXAM I	
Semester:	Spring Semester -Term 182		
Date:	Sunday /March 3rd /2019		
Time Allowed:	60 minutes		

STUDENT DETAILS:

Student Name:	
Student ID Number:	
Section:	

INSTRUCTIONS:

- You may use a scientific calculator that does not have programming or graphing capabilities. NO borrowing calculators.
- NO talking or looking around during the examination.
- NO mobile phones. If your mobile is seen or heard, your exam will be taken immediately.
- Show all your work and be organized.
- You may use the back of the pages for extra space, but be sure to indicate that on the page with the problem.

H ¹ 1.000																	He ² 4
Li ³ 6.941	Be ⁴ 9.012											B ⁵ 10.81	C ⁶ 12.01	N ⁷ 14.01	O ⁸ 16	F ⁹ 19	Ne ¹⁰ 20.18
Na ¹¹ 22.99	Mg ¹² 24.31											Al ¹³ 26.98	Si ¹⁴ 28.09	P ¹⁵ 30.97	S ¹⁶ 32.06	Cl ¹⁷ 35.45	Ar ¹⁸ 39.95
K ¹⁹ 39.10	Ca ²⁰ 40.08	Sc ²¹ 44.96	Ti ²² 47.9	V ²³ 50.94	Cr ²⁴ 51.99	Mn ²⁵ 54.94	Fe ²⁶ 55.85	Co ²⁷ 58.93	Ni ²⁸ 58.71	Cu ²⁹ 63.54	Zn ³⁰ 65.37	Ga ³¹ 69.72	Ge ³² 72.59	As ³³ 74.92	Se ³⁴ 78.96	Br ³⁵ 79.9	Kr ³⁶ 83.8
Rb ³⁷ 85.47	Sr ³⁸ 87.62	Y ³⁹ 88.91	Zr ⁴⁰ 91.22	Nb ⁴¹ 92.91	Mo ⁴² 95.94	Tc ⁴³ 99.91	Ru ⁴⁴ 101.1	Rh ⁴⁵ 102.91	Pd ⁴⁶ 106.4	Ag ⁴⁷ 107.87	Cd ⁴⁸ 112.4	In ⁴⁹ 114.8	Sn ⁵⁰ 118.69	Sb ⁵¹ 121.75	Te ⁵² 127.6	I ⁵³ 126.9	Xe ⁵⁴ 131.3
Cs ⁵⁵ 132.9	Ba ⁵⁶ 137.3	Lu ⁷¹ 175.0	Hf ⁷² 178.5	Ta ⁷³ 180.9	W ⁷⁴ 183.85	Re ⁷⁵ 186.2	Os ⁷⁶ 190.2	Ir ⁷⁷ 192.2	Pt ⁷⁸ 195.1	Au ⁷⁹ 196.97	Hg ⁸⁰ 200.6	Tl ⁸¹ 204.37	Pb ⁸² 207.2	Bi ⁸³ 208.98	Po ⁸⁴ 210	At ⁸⁵ 210	Rn ⁸⁶ 222

Student's Mark

/15

- 1) (0.75 point) All of the following are characteristics of nonmetals except:
- A) Very poor conductors of electricity
 - B) Appear in the upper right-hand corner of the periodic table
 - C) Tend to form positive ions in chemical reactions with metals
 - D) Often bond to each other by forming covalent bonds
 - E) Include specific groups in periodic table such as halides and noble gases.
- 2) (0.75 point) Which one of the following statements about atomic structure is *false*?
- A) An atom is mostly empty space.
 - B) Almost all of the mass of the atom is concentrated outside the nucleus.
 - C) The radius of the nucleus is negligible compared to the radius of the atom.
 - D) Protons and electrons are particles of the same approximate mass but opposite charge.
 - E) B and D.
- 3) (0.5 point) which of the following represents substance(s) with constant composition that can be broken down into elements by physical processes:
- A) table salt (sodium chloride)
 - B) A solution of salt and water
 - C) Iron metal
 - D) Limestone (calcium carbonate)
 - E) A and B
- 4) (1.5 points) A piece of zinc with a mass of 12.14 g is submerged in 46.3 cm³ of water in a graduated cylinder. The water level increases to 48.0 cm³. The correct value for the density of zinc from these data is (*Apply the rules of significant figures*):
- A) 7.141 g / cm³
 - B) 7.14 g / cm³
 - C) 0.14 g / cm³
 - D) 0.253 g / cm³
 - E) 7.1 g / cm³
- 5) (1.0 points) Analysis of 1L (liter) sample of drinking water shows that it contains 12 mg of sodium. Determine the amount of sodium that exists in 1 μL (micro liter) of this water sample?
- A) 1.2×10^{-5} g
 - B) 8.33×10^{-8} g
 - C) 1.2 ng
 - D) 12 ng
 - E) 0.012 g

6) (1.0 points) Which of the following statements is (are) true?

- A) $^{18}_8\text{O}$ and $^{19}_9\text{F}$ have the same number of neutrons.
- B) $^{18}_8\text{O}^{2-}$ has the same number of electrons as $^{20}_{10}\text{Ne}$.
- C) $^{14}_6\text{C}$ and $^{14}_7\text{N}$ are isotopes of each other because their mass numbers are the same.
- D) A and B
- E) A and C

7) (2.5 points) Fill in the blank:

- A) The formula of ferrous nitride is.....
- B) The formula of Mercury (I) persulfide is.....
- C) The name of C_5H_{12} is.....
- D) The name of Cl_2O_7 is.....
- E) The name of Aluminum acetate is.....

8) (1.5 points) Glycerol is an alcohol that consists of carbon hydrogen and oxygen. Analysis of 50 g sample of glycerol shows that it contains 19.55 g of carbon, 4.36 g of hydrogen. Answer the following questions depending on the previous information about glycerol:

- A) (0.5 point) Calculate the amount of oxygen that exists in another sample of glycerol that has a mass of 800 g?

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- B) (1.0 point) Determine the molecular formula of glycerol, given that the molar mass of glycerol is 92 g/mol?

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9) (1.0 point) How many oxygen atoms are there in 1.75×10^{-9} g of $\text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$?

- A) 2.72×10^{13}
- B) 1.75×10^{-9}
- C) 8.43×10^{15}
- D) 1.36×10^{13}
- E) 4.24×10^{11}

- 10) (1 points) A compound is composed of element X and hydrogen. Analysis shows the compound to be 80% X by mass, with three times as many hydrogen atoms as X atoms per molecule (number of H atoms = triple the number of X atoms). What is the identity of element X?

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- 11) given the following unbalanced chemical equation:



- A) Balance the chemical equation:

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- B) If 15.5 g of NBr_3 reacted with 2.8 g NaOH what is the limiting reactant (show calculations)?

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- C) Calculate the mass of excess reactant remaining the end of the reaction?

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D) If 3.5 g of NaBr were collected at the end of the reaction calculate the percentage yield?

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E) The whole amount of sodium bromide, NaBr collected from the previous reaction was diluted by water to prepare 200 mL solution. Calculate the molarity of this solution?

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F) Calculate the amount of water that should be added to dilute the previous solution (part E) to 0.15 M?

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Scratch Paper