



CHEMISTRY 101 FIRST EXAM

Name: _____

Date: 14/03/2012

Student no. _____

Section: _____

Useful Information: Gas Constant $R = 0.08206 \text{ L.atm/K.mol}$

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| H¹ 1.000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | He² 4 |
| Li³ 6.941 | Be⁴ 9.012 | | | | | | | | | | | B⁵ 10.81 | C⁶ 12.01 | N⁷ 14.01 | O⁸ 16 | F⁹ 19 | Ne¹⁰ 20.18 |
| Na¹¹ 22.99 | Mg¹² 24.31 | | | | | | | | | | | Al¹³ 26.98 | Si¹⁴ 28.09 | P¹⁵ 30.97 | S¹⁶ 32.06 | Cl¹⁷ 35.45 | Ar¹⁸ 39.95 |
| K¹⁹ 39.10 | Ca²⁰ 40.08 | Sc²¹ 44.96 | Ti²² 47.9 | V²³ 50.94 | Cr²⁴ 51.99 | Mn²⁵ 54.94 | Fe²⁶ 55.85 | Co²⁷ 58.93 | Ni²⁸ 58.71 | Cu²⁹ 63.54 | Zn³⁰ 65.37 | Ga³¹ 69.72 | Ge³² 72.59 | As³³ 74.92 | Se³⁴ 78.96 | Br³⁵ 79.9 | Kr³⁶ 83.8 |
| Rb³⁷ 85.47 | Sr³⁸ 87.62 | Y³⁹ 88.91 | Zr⁴⁰ 91.22 | Nb⁴¹ 92.91 | Mo⁴² 95.94 | Tc⁴³ 99.91 | Ru⁴⁴ 101.1 | Rh⁴⁵ 102.91 | Pd⁴⁶ 106.4 | Ag⁴⁷ 107.87 | Cd⁴⁸ 112.4 | In⁴⁹ 114.8 | Sn⁵⁰ 118.69 | Sb⁵¹ 121.75 | Te⁵² 127.6 | I⁵³ 126.9 | Xe⁵⁴ 131.3 |
| Cs⁵⁵ 132.9 | Ba⁵⁶ 137.3 | 57-71 * | Hf⁷² 178.5 | Ta⁷³ 180.9 | W⁷⁴ 183.85 | Re⁷⁵ 186.2 | Os⁷⁶ 190.2 | Ir⁷⁷ 192.2 | Pt⁷⁸ 195.1 | Au⁷⁹ 196.97 | Hg⁸⁰ 200.6 | Tl⁸¹ 204.37 | Pb⁸² 207.2 | Bi⁸³ 208.98 | Po⁸⁴ 210 | At⁸⁵ 210 | Rn⁸⁶ 222 |

Write the best fit answer of the following questions in this table:

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|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Q1 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q2 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q3 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q4 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q5 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q6 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q7 <i>(0.5 pt)</i> | Q8 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> |
| | | | | | | | |
| Q9 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q10 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q11 <i>(0.75 pt)</i> | Q12 <i>(0.5 pt)</i> | Q13 <i>(0.5 pt)</i> | Q14 <i>(1 pt)</i> | Q15 <i>(1 pt)</i> | Q16 <i>(1 pt)</i> |
| | | | | | | | |

- Find the volume in liters of 40 kg of carbon tetrachloride, whose density is 1.60 g/cm^3 .
A. 0.025 L B. 25000 L C. 25 L D. 40 L
- Carry out the following operation and express the answer in the correct number of significant figures: $10.892 - (7.310/5.70) =$
A. 9.612 B. 9.61 C. 9.60 D. 9.609
- An element (X) has three naturally occurring isotopes: ^{39}X , ^{40}X and ^{41}X . Their respective natural abundance is 93.2581%, 0.0117% and 6.7302% , this element is:
A. P B. Ar C. K D. Ca
- The correct order of **decreasing** mass percent of Oxygen in
1) Caffeine ($\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$, Mwt=194.19),
2) Sucrose($\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_{11}$, Mwt=342.30) and
3) Ethanol ($\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}$, Mwt=46.0) is:
A. 1>2>3 B. 2>3>1 C. 3>2>1 D. 1>3>2 .3
- Calculate the **mass** in grams of **carbon** present in 1000 molecules of C_5H_{12} :
A. 9.96×10^{-20} B. 60000
C. 8.30×10^{-21} D. 1.99×10^{-20}
- Determine whether Ozone (O_3) represents:
A. Molecule which is compound B. Compound which is molecule
C. Compound which is not molecule C. Molecule which is not compound
- The transition metal among the following elements is
A. Ca B. Co C. Cs D. C
- A compound is composed of 60.8% Na, 28.5% B and 10.7% H. The empirical formula of this compound is :
A. NaBH B. $\text{Na}_2\text{B}_2\text{H}_7$ C. NaBH_4 d. D. NaB_2H_6

9. The formula of ammonium dichromate is
 A. $\text{NH}_4\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ B. $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CrO}_4$ C. NH_3CrO_3 D. $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$
10. Consider the following reaction: $\text{Na}_2\text{SiF}_6(s) + \text{Na}(s) \rightarrow \text{Si}(s) + \text{NaF}(s)$.
 The sum of all coefficients (reactants and products) in the balanced equation is:
 A. 10 B. 11 C. 13 D. 12
11. The empirical formula of Mercury (I) sulfide is:
 A. HgS B. Hg_2S_2 C. Hg_2S D. Hg_2SO_4
12. The name of $\text{Fe}(\text{BrO}_3)_2$ is
 A. Iron(III) bromite B. Iron(II) bromate C. Iron dibromate D. Iron(II) bromide
13. The name of BaO_2 is:
 A. Barium oxide B. Barium dioxide C. Barium(II) oxide D. Barium peroxide
14. Ascorbic acid (176 g/mol) is an organic compound containing C, H, and O given that combustion of 5.24 g sample of the compound produces 7.86 g CO_2 and 2.14 g H_2O . Determine the **empirical formula** of Ascorbic acid:
 A. $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$ B. $\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{O}_6$ C. $\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}$ D. $\text{C}_3\text{H}_4\text{O}_3$
15. Consider the reaction, $3\text{CCl}_4 + 2\text{SbF}_3 \longrightarrow 3\text{CCl}_2\text{F}_2 + 2\text{SbCl}_3$
 If 150.0 g of CCl_4 (153.8 g/mol) is mixed with 100 g of SbF_3 (178.8 g/mol), then the mass in grams of CCl_2F_2 (121.0 g/mol) that can be formed is equal to:
 A. 121.0 g B. 117.9 g C. 101.5 g D. 250.0 g
16. Consider the reaction, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6 + \text{Br}_2 \longrightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Br} + \text{HBr}$
 If 25.0 g of C_6H_6 (78.0 g/mol) are reacted with excess Br_2 and only 15.0 g of $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Br}$ (157.0 g/mol) were obtained, then the percentage yield of this reaction is equal to :
 A. 60.0% B. 29.8% C. 9.0% D. 15.9%

-GOOD LUCK-