

1. (6 pts) Find the sum $S_p = \sum_{k=3}^p (1 - 2k)^2$.
2. (6 pts) Find the total area of the region between the x -axis and the graph of $y = 2x - x^2$ over the interval $[-2, 2]$.
3. (6 pts) Find $F'(2)$ if $F(x) = (x^2 - 2) \int_2^x [t + 3F'(t)] dt$.
4. (6 pts) Explain how can we apply Simpson's rule to approximate numerically $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ using n subdivisions.
5. (8 pts) Determine y'

$$y = [\sinh(x^2)]^3, \quad y = \left(\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}\right)^{\sin(x)}$$

6. (8 pts) Solve the following differential equation

$$y' + y = \frac{1}{e^x - 1}, \quad y(1) = \frac{1}{e}.$$

7. (30 pts) Evaluate the following integrals using the method of your choice

$$\int \frac{1+x}{4x^2 + 8x + 5} dx, \quad \int_{-1}^0 (x-3)\sqrt{1+x} dx, \quad \int \sin[\ln(x)]dx.$$

$$\int \frac{2}{x^2 - 2x + 5} dx, \quad \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx, \quad \int \frac{4x^2 + 13x - 9}{x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x} dx.$$

8. (10 pts) Setup the integral giving the volume by the method of your choice (Cylindrical shells or Washers) of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $y = 0$, $y = \sqrt{x+2}$, $x = 7$ about

(a) the line $x = +9$, (b) about the line $y = -3$.

9. (8 pts) Determine whether the following integrals converge or diverge (justify your answer).

$$\int_{-1}^0 \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{x+1}}, \quad \int_{\frac{1}{e}}^e \frac{dx}{x \ln^2(x)}.$$

10. (12 pts) Evaluate each limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - 2x + 1}, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{e^x - 1} - \frac{1}{x}, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1 + 2x)^{\frac{1}{4x}}.$$

Bonus question (5pts) : Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \sin(x)} dx$, $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}} dx$.